

PEOPLE'S REVOLUTIONARY MOVEMENT (PRM) CONSTITUTION

1. PREAMBLE

People's Revolutionary Movement (PRM) is a product of demands by the poor and helpless people of South Africa. The South African society and voters have lost hope in party electoral system and being exposed to the abuse of political power, manipulation, corruption and looting of state resources. Abuse of majority and democracy by the ruling party and opposition parties left people with no option but to seek for a unique and different political movement which will humble itself and return power to the people through constitutional reforms.

Revolutionary Co-operative Movement (RCM) which is a socio-economic civil society movement for economic empowerment and redistribution of wealth became the hope of the poor due the pivotal role it played and continues to play in South Africa to open doors and ensuring the poor's participation in the mainstream of the economy. PRM as a movement close to our people's heart and minds was then asked to play active political role including contesting political and state power.

Broad consultation processes started, and resulted in the formation of People's Revolutionary Movement, since the majority of RCM members felt another vehicle must be created for this purpose to avoid deviating from its original mission. PRM is therefore a platform created to respond to a vacuum left by the ruling and opposition parties to provide our people with a credible political movement married to national interests and committed to changing party electoral system to constituency based electoral system and returning power to the voters.

A revolutionary person who is 16yrs and above shall not be discriminated or denied membership, if he/she agrees and accept the fact that PRM shall be dictated to by the African poor majority who are the brain behind its formation. PRM shall strive to exist in all South African wards and as determined by Independent Electoral Commission.

This constitution shall remain a working document until PRM structures are official undergone People's Revolutionary Councils.

2. NAME

The name of the revolutionary organization shall be People's Revolutionary Movement herein after referred to as (PRM) or Movement.

3. FLAGS, SYMBOLS AND THE LOGO

The flag of the PRM shall be green and the symbols shall be red, black, gold and arm fist:

(a) Five black (5) stars, two red and two gold stars flank the fist. The whole arm and the fist on bigger aqua blue star are embedded on a green flag.

(b) The colours reflect as follows:

Green represents vegetation and environment. Aqua blue represents the sea, harbors, riches and the sky above, Black represent the African majority working people who shall lead the economic redistribution, Red represent the blood of the revolutionary poor and revolutionary working people, and Gold represent wealth beneath and above the soil.

(c) The logo and the symbols shall be at the top left-hand corner of the green flag.

4. AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

- a) To protect and promote the Kings, Queens, Chiefs and the traditional leadership property rights in relation to the land ownership and administration.
- b) To remain the strongest voice as we seek to be the vanguard of the poor and the revolutionary working people in all spheres of life.
- c) To bring the National Democratic Revolution (NDR) to its logical conclusion and advance for the socialization of the economy.
- d) To contest, clarify and advocate the African agenda while ensuring that migration laws are strict and adhered to throughout the world.
- e) To expose contradictions of those who pretend to represent the poor while working for themselves.
- f) To fight for social justice and eliminate the vast inequalities that existed during and after apartheid era.
- g) To propagate for better life for all and social economy in a normal environment.
- h) To support the cause for world peace and preservation of the environment.
- i) To work with and through Kings, Queens and Chiefs and acknowledge cultural diversity in society as a whole.
- j) To review the Freedom Charter and replace it with the People's Revolutionary Charter.
- k) To work with parties, labour unions and organs whose aims are normal as those of PRM.
- l) To help form, support revolutionary co-operatives and assist in their development as elementary school for the people's economic power and control.
- m) To promote South African, African products and Trade for local beneficiation.
- n) To provide free, Quality, Compulsory and Decolonized Education.
- o) To acknowledge and promote the central role of the churches and religious leaders in building a normal society.

5. CHARACTER OF THE MOVEMENT

People's Revolutionary Movement (PRM) is a revolutionary people's movement which continually work towards changing lives of the working people and the poor through social projects, and stand to contest political and state power to be used as a catalyst towards total revolution:

- a) PRM shall be a revolutionary corporate democratic organization whose policies are consulted to revolutionary member representatives and organs as determined by this constitution.
- b) The principle of freedom of speech and contestation of ideas shall be promoted within the structures of PRM.
- c) While the PRM is a secular revolutionary movement, it shall collaborate with religious bodies as many of its members are spiritual beings.
- d) PRM shall in its composition and functioning oppose to racism, tribalism, sexism, xenophobia, regionalism and ethnic chauvinism.

- e) The PRM shall support the full emancipation of women and young people; and shall ensure that their voices are heard.
- f) While the membership of PRM is open to all races, leadership shall reflect the demographics of the South African society.
- g) Coloured people and Khoi-San community shall be defined and accepted as native Africans by the PRM.
- h) The physically challenged, women and young people shall be encouraged to participate in leadership structures of the movement.

6. GUIDING PRINCIPLES

In the process of movement for the logical conclusion of the national democratic revolution, the implementation of the Reconstruction and Development Program and bringing about better life for all and social economy, the PRM shall be guided by those revolutionary principles whose universal validity has been proven by historical experiences. In applying principles the PRM shall be concerned with the concrete material conditions of the poor and the working people guided by the Power of the Holy Spirit.

The 1928 Black Republic Thesis shall guide our advance for the building of a non-racial society.

More particularly the PRM shall work:

- a) To end exploitation of the poor and have not.
- b) To organize and educate the society about dangers of capitalism, liberalism and neo liberal capitalist agenda.
- c) To promote non racial and gender equity economy similar to our early historical societies.
- d) To participate in national and international dialogue with left organizations and civil society groupings for a better world and human race.
- e) To combat colonialism and imperialism anywhere as they show their ugly heads.
- f) To strive towards building harmonious societal relations based on mutual respect and making the world a better place to live.
- g) To economically empower poor Africans in particular and Blacks in general.
- i) To identify and recruit among the revolutionary intellectuals and the revolutionary middle class with the intention of enriching PRM with quality ideas.

7. ORGANIZATIONAL PRINCIPLES

- a) **People's Revolutionary Movement (PRM)** believes in democratic centralism. Decisions of higher structures supersede those of lower structures. Canvassing individual ideas and dissent view shall happen within formal structures of the movement convened according to the rules of this constitution.
- b) Revolutionary members of the movement can participate and lead in civil movements whose policies do not compromise or contradict those of PRM.
- c) If a revolutionary member participates and lead in other sites of struggle she/he shall act and behave in a manner that brings good reputation to the movement.
- d) A revolutionary member who serves in any law making body as MP, MPL or Councilor shall account to PRM as decided by the revolutionary leadership and council.
- e) A revolutionary member who serves in a higher structure may not serve in a lower structure except on an ex-officio capacity.

- f) Revolutionary employees of PRM shall not avail themselves for any revolutionary leadership position in the movement except after resignation as an employee.
- g) Co-option of revolutionary members shall be consulted with the higher structure in the revolutionary province and endorsed or rejected by the Revolutionary National Office of the Revolutionary General Secretary and the President who shall report to the Revolutionary National Council and the People's Revolutionary National Council.
- h) All revolutionary structures of the PRM shall encourage the practice of self-criticism, constructive criticism and open debate.
- i) Revolutionary delegates attending the People's Revolutionary Councils shall not be rigidly bound by mandates of structures where they come from. It shall however be the duty of delegates to effectively engage and discuss mandated positions to persuade and be persuaded.
- j) Within 14 days and or reasonable period after People's Revolutionary Councils (or National, Provincial and Local government elections) revolutionary delegates, employees through leadership shall convene meetings to report/give feedback to members.

8. REVOLUTIONARY MEMBERSHIP

- a) A revolutionary South African who is 16 years of age and above who agrees with this constitution and policies of PRM shall be allowed organizational membership.
- b) Joining PRM shall be R15 for twelve months which shall be divided to Revolutionary National, Provincial and Regional structures equitably according to the load of work and the demands of each structure.
- c) A revolutionary member is expected to carry out decisions of the PRM and be active within the community and structures where he/she lives.
- d) Joining the movement is through a Revolutionary Branch. A person who has been refused joining PRM shall have a right to visit the Revolutionary Secretary of Region, Province or National to appeal such a decision. A decision may be confirmed or over turned.
- e) All revolutionary members earning certain amounts shall pay a levy to be determined by the Revolutionary Provincial Council after consultation with the Revolutionary National Council of Provinces. This amount shall not be less than 10% and is compulsory from the day of the first income/salary of a member. Failure to do so may result into recall, replacement and expulsion of a member without any further notification or disciplinary procedure.
- f) Levies shall be equitably distributed by the Revolutionary National Council of Provinces to meet the demands of the movement.
- g) Joining the movement shall always be voluntary.
- h) Revolutionary members are obliged to attend induction workshops and political engagement classes to enrich themselves with ideological understanding of the working people philosophy as developed by many great revolutionaries in their application.
- i) It is the task of every revolutionary to ensure that her/his membership is up to date. In the event that there are delays in membership renewal such shall be conveyed to the leadership with immediate effect.

9. STRUCTURES OF PRM

The structures of the movement shall exist in all 9 Provinces of the land which are Eastern Cape, Free State, Gauteng, KwaZulu-Natal, Limpopo, Mpumalanga, Northern Cape, North West and Western Cape.

The political and administrative functions of all PRM structures shall be the responsibility of the Revolutionary National Council of Provinces.

9.1 REVOLUTIONARY NATIONAL COUNCIL OF PROVINCES (RNCOP)

9.1.1. Revolutionary National Council of Provinces shall consist of the Revolutionary President, Deputy Revolutionary President, National Revolutionary Chairperson, Revolutionary General Secretary, 1st Deputy Revolutionary General Secretary, 2nd Deputy Revolutionary General Secretary and Revolutionary Treasurer General. There shall be 27 additional revolutionary members recommended and appointed from Provinces. These may not necessarily be provincial leaders.

9.1.2. Revolutionary Chairpersons and Revolutionary Secretaries of provinces shall be ex-officio members.

9.1.3. Revolutionary President shall be the political leader and head of all movement organs and Deputy Revolutionary President shall deputize while working with the National Revolutionary Chairperson and Revolutionary General Secretary on Co-operatives businesses, business ventures and related aspects.

National Revolutionary Chairperson shall chair all meetings whenever present and he/she shall be daily involved in organizational political work and campaigns.

9.1.4. Revolutionary General Secretary shall be the chief political administrator of the movement. She/he shall work with the National Revolutionary Chairperson to consult the RP in setting up meetings. Deputy Revolutionary General Secretaries shall be responsible for organizing and assistant to the Revolutionary General Secretary in all administrative matters.

9.1.5. Revolutionary Treasurer General shall be the Chief financial Officer accountable to the offices of Revolutionary President, Revolutionary General Secretary and National Revolutionary Chairperson. He/she shall be responsible for planning and implementation of fundraising strategy. He/she shall head the fundraising committee. He/she shall remain a political leader with political and leadership responsibility.

9.1.6. Revolutionary National Council of Provinces shall meet four times a year. Special meetings shall be called on urgency basis and if there are critical policy matters that affect the movement.

9.1.6. Summary discussions of decisions shall be the responsibility of the Revolutionary President. She/he shall besides, political input and the state of the nation address, make opening and closing remarks in all gatherings of the movement when present.

9.1.7. Revolutionary National Council of Provinces shall be allowed to co-opt at least not more than 6 members.

10. PEOPLE'S REVOLUTIONARY NATIONAL COUNCIL (PRNC)

People's Revolutionary National Council is the highest decision making body in the PRM. It shall be attended by all RNCOP members.

Revolutionary President shall present political report. Revolutionary General Secretary shall present organizational report, while Revolutionary Treasurer General shall present a financial report. Revolutionary National Council of Provinces shall be equally accountable for all reports delivered at the People's Revolutionary National Council.

The PRNC shall be every 5 years. It shall be attended by the Branch Revolutionary Chairpersons, Branch Revolutionary Secretaries and Branch Revolutionary Treasurers, Five Revolutionary Office Bearers of the Regions and the Revolutionary Leadership of Provinces. It shall debate and decide on revolutionary policies and receive the names of revolutionaries who meet the criteria and the requirements to lead the PRM at National level.

Revolutionary Provinces would be represented by Revolutionary Chairpersons and Secretaries as observers in an interviewing panel to select PRM Office bearers. After further consultation with provincial observers, at most, majority consensus leadership shall be preferred.

The current leadership shall vacate office once the new leadership has been announced. PRM Revolutionary members and structures will immediately embrace, support and rally behind the new leadership.

11. REVOLUTIONARY PROVINCIAL COUNCIL (RPC)

11.1. Revolutionary Provincial Council shall consist of the Revolutionary Chairperson of Province, Deputy Provincial Revolutionary Chairperson, Provincial Revolutionary Secretary, Deputy Provincial Revolutionary Secretary and Provincial Revolutionary Treasurer. There shall be 15 additional revolutionary members appointed in consideration of geographical spread. It shall be responsible for political and administrative life of the movement in the province. It shall meet every two months to receive and process reports from revolutionary regions. Submit monthly written reports to the Revolutionary National Council of Provinces.

11.2. Regional Revolutionary Chairperson and Regional Revolutionary Secretary shall be ex-officio members of the Revolutionary Provincial Council (RPC).

11.3. The powers and duties are same as applied at the RNCOP within the Province.

11.4. The RPC office bearers shall form the Revolutionary Provincial Working Committee (RPWC) including one third of its appointed members based on their scores and or availability.

11.5. The RPWC shall meet every month and as often as is necessary to process issues in the province.

11.6. The Revolutionary Provincial Council (RPC) shall co-opt not more than 5 revolutionary members within the province. That shall be done in consultation with the Revolutionary National Council of Provinces through the Revolutionary General Secretary's Office.

12. PEOPLE'S REVOLUTIONARY PROVINCIAL COUNCIL (PRPC)

People's Revolutionary Provincial Council is the highest decision making body in the Province. It shall be attended by all RPC members.

It shall take place every three years. All processes at the PRNC shall happen at the PRPC level and boundaries.

All the proceedings after reports shall be presided over by the National Revolutionary leadership mandated delegates.

It shall be attended by all the revolutionary office bearers of the region and revolutionary chairs, secretaries and treasurers of revolutionary branches.

13. REVOLUTIONARY REGIONAL COUNCIL (RRC)

13.1. The Revolutionary Regional Council shall consist of the Revolutionary Chairperson of Region, Deputy Revolutionary Regional Chairperson, Revolutionary Regional Secretary, Deputy Revolutionary Regional Secretary and Revolutionary Regional Treasurer. There shall be ten (10) additional revolutionary members appointed in line with geographical spread. It shall co-opt up to only four revolutionary members.

13.2. The Region may form Districts and Zones and structure them in a way that helps the executing of the task of strengthening the movement.

13.3. In the event where there is a suspicion and perception of the abuse of the constitution in structuring and restructuring of organs within the Region, Revolutionary Provincial Leadership and or the Revolutionary National Leadership shall intervene.

13.4. The powers and duties of the Revolutionary Regional Leadership shall be same as those of the Revolutionary National and Provincial structures.

13.5. It shall meet monthly to process matters of branches and of the region, and submit monthly written report to the Revolutionary Provincial Leadership.

13.6. It shall including the revolutionary office bearers form the Revolutionary Regional Working Committee (RRWC) of one third of its structure based on the score sheets and their availability. The RRWC meet twice a month and as often as is necessary.

14. PEOPLE'S REVOLUTIONARY REGIONAL COUNCIL (PRRC)

The People's Revolutionary Regional Council shall take place every two (2) years. Revolutionary Branch Chairpersons and Secretaries of revolutionary branches shall be delegates to PRRC. In the preparation of the PRRC the RRC may choose to invite revolutionary Districts and or revolutionary Zones to participate as observers. Observers and guests shall not be more than two per structure and organization.

All the processes of the PRNC and PRPC shall take place at the PRRC within its jurisdiction. Suffice to say that after reports the PRRC shall be presided over by the Revolutionary National and Provincial Leadership.

15. REVOLUTIONARY BRANCHES

a) The basic structure of the People's Revolutionary Movement (PRM) is the revolutionary branch. It is formed at a residential area, industrial area or learning institution.

b) Every member of the movement shall belong to a revolutionary branch where she/he lives and or where she/he grew up from or where she/he works.

- c) A minimum of 30 members shall constitute a special revolutionary approved by RNC, and a maximum of 100 members shall form a revolutionary branch.
- d) The Revolutionary Regional Leadership in consultation with Revolutionary Provincial Leadership and Revolutionary National representative/s shall demarcate branches within wards where branches are bigger than the maximum and or for the purposes of smooth running of the movement. Such demarcation shall also encourage revolutionary branches to exist around voting districts of the Independent Electoral Commission. A ward revolutionary committee of three revolutionary office bearers may be formed to co-ordinate the work of a ward. It shall meet when there is a need.
- e) Activities of the movement and interaction with the communities shall take place at revolutionary branch level.
- f) A revolutionary branch meets at least once a month.
- g) Revolutionary branches are led by the Revolutionary Branch Chairperson, Deputy Revolutionary Branch Chairperson, Revolutionary Branch Secretary, Deputy Revolutionary Branch Secretary and Revolutionary Branch Treasurer. There shall be eight (8) additional revolutionary members.
- f) The Annual People's Revolutionary Branch Council shall take place yearly.

16. PERFORMANCE APPRAISALS

- a) All revolutionary structures of the movement shall undergo revolutionary performance appraisals. This shall happen: Twice at National, twice in the Provinces, once in regions and every quarter at branch level.
- b) These performance appraisals shall assist in strengthening the leadership and the movement. None performing revolutionary individuals and structures shall be recommended for dissolution and replacement.
- c) Replacements shall be done by the upper structures in the form of recommendation to Revolutionary National Council, which shall in turn report to the PRNC.

17. REVOLUTIONARY POLITICAL (POLIT) BUREAU (RPB)

- a) The Revolutionary National Office bearers and nine other revolutionary members of the Revolutionary National Council of Provinces shall form the Revolutionary National Political Bureau. The nine other members shall be appointed based on the score sheet during interviews and according to their availability.
- b) It shall meet every two weeks to implement the decisions and process daily issues from the Revolutionary National Council of Provinces and Revolutionary office bearers.
- c) It shall prepare and process reports for the RNCOP.
- d) Its decisions shall be ratified by the RNCOP.
- e) Unless otherwise stated in this constitution the RPB shall have powers to appoint or delegate the responsibility of establishing disciplinary committee of the movement. The RNCOP has authority over the powers of the RPB.

18. REVOLUTIONARY DISTRICTS AND ZONES

- a) The Revolutionary Districts and Zones shall co-ordinate branches for the purposes of quick implementation of the movement decisions and policies.
- b) They shall be appointed by the upper structures of the movement following the interview process.
- c) There shall be the Revolutionary chairperson and Revolutionary secretary as conveners. Each branch shall be represented by the revolutionary chairperson, secretary and treasurer.
- d) There shall be no executive powers at this level of revolutionary leadership. The dictatorship of Revolutionary branches shall be paramount.
- e) The Revolutionary Districts/Zones shall at times be invited by higher structures to represent collective views of Revolutionary branches and their reports.
- f) The life span of these structures shall be one year.

19. REVOLUTIONARY INTERIM LEADERSHIP COMMITTEES

- a) The movement shall operate with the Revolutionary Interim Leadership Committees at all levels to realize the contents of this constitution.
- b) The Revolutionary Interim Structures shall exercise full mandate of this constitution until the first People's Revolutionary National Council decides otherwise.
- c) Founder members of this movement shall be the authentic revolutionary leaders, the spear and the shield to advance and defend its existence. They shall be the core leaders up to the interviewing process of the first PRNC.

20. QUORUMS

- a) 50% plus one of the members present in any meeting shall form a quorum.
- b) A meeting that does not quorate shall be reconvened within 14 days. Members present in a reconvened meeting shall form a quorum.
- c) Issues discussed at an inquorate meeting shall be tabled for ratification or regularization.

21. DISCIPLINE

- a) A revolutionary member who is guilty of a breach of any provision of this constitution or any of other conduct detrimental to the PRM may be reprimanded, suspended for a period or expelled after a proper disciplinary procedure had been followed.
- b) One week notice for the disciplinary action stating the clauses and the breach shall be served to a revolutionary member who is in breach of the constitution.
- c) All disciplinary enquiries shall be internal and chaired by a revolutionary Presiding Officer who together with the Prosecutor shall be appointed by the revolutionary leadership.

- d) Disciplinary process should not last more than three months excluding weekends. All proceedings shall be reported to the RNCOP which has the right to endorse or reverse any decision.
- e) The lodging of an appeal shall not hinder the proceedings of discipline unless otherwise decided by the RNCOP.
- f) Refusal to participate in disciplinary processes or to accept authority of any revolutionary structure of the movement is an offence. It shall constitute a breach and immediate suspension and restart of the hearing.
- g) Only the RNCOP has the power to expel any revolutionary member, however revolutionary structures below the RNCOP may make recommendations for expulsion.
- h) The use of any membership position for personal gain/s is a breach.
- I) Gifts worth more than R100 to revolutionary members shall have to be declared. This does not include friendship gifts outside the movement.
- j) Owning a private business for uplifting oneself and positively contributing to the community does not constitute a breach.
- k) An inactive revolutionary member shall lose membership. Such a decision may be communicated to higher structures up to the RNCOP who shall report to the People's Revolutionary National Council.
- l) Any revolutionary member expelled from PRM has a right to appeal at the People's Revolutionary National Council through RNCOP.
- m) Joining PRM for positions or for the purposes of forming groupings, clicks and factions is an offence.
- n) Stealing, corruption, dishonesty, embezzlement of funds/money and or any other criminality related to theft, crime suspicion may result to immediate suspension/expulsion from PRM.
- o) Misrepresentation of PRM and any organ/s that have relations with the movement is an offence. Such an offence may be gauged in relation to other clauses of this constitution for appropriate disciplinary action and sanction.

22. ALTERATIONS TO THE CONSTITUTION

22.1 This constitution shall be amended at the People's Revolutionary National Council by the majority decision.

22.2 All proposed amendments to the constitution shall be submitted in writing to the RNCOP in 3 months before the PRNC. The proposed amendments shall be cascaded down to all revolutionary structures of the movement two months before the PRNC.

22.3. Robust engagement at commissions and plenary level shall be allowed before the adoption of the constitution and other policies that affect or are in line with the constitution.

23. GRIEVANCES

Grievances are permitted. They shall not be treated as discipline. They are fundamental rights to ease tensions among members and organs of the movement.

23.1. A revolutionary member who feels was unfairly not appointed to any position of the movement has a right to grieve.

23.2 A grievance shall be lodged within 7 days after the announcement of appointment results have been made. Revolutionaries would be informed immediately after interviews are concluded of the results. These shall remain confidential until successful revolutionaries are announced.

23.3. The unsuccessful revolutionaries may or may not choose to inform other revolutionaries of his/her scores after the results have been announced.

23.4. Grievances shall be lodged to the interviewing chairperson of the panel who shall refer the matter to the senior revolutionary structure which shall cause the grievance to be attended.

23.5. If the grievance happened at the highest revolutionary structure, the candidate can approach the external legal institution of choice after she/he has exhausted all the internal processes which shall be managed by the interviewing panel and or the Revolutionary National Council. Any suggested PRM ad-hoc entity may help attend to the resolution of a grievance.

23.6. The duties of revolution shall continue while the grievance is in process. If the conclusion of the grievance favors the grieving revolutionary member and there is no counter to such results, all shall occupy position/s.

23.7. Revolutionaries who may have been affected of such a result shall continue with tasks of the movement where their skills shall contribute to the revolution of the movement and the country as a whole.

24. QUALITY, CHARACTER OF PRM LEADERSHIP AND REPRESENTATION

A week after the announcement for submission of applications for leadership, recommendations from all structures excluding those without executive powers, the process of receiving those begins. The process shall take 30 days including weekends. The interviewing panel shall be constituted. The panel shall have the powers to vet applicants before interviews begin. Applicants found to have been affected by vetting shall confidentially be requested to withdraw from contest.

24.1. The PRM leadership would be appointed if they possess certain skills and have a reputable conduct. Revolutionary leaders/representatives of the PRM at all levels including public structures shall have an acceptable outlook and are expected to:

- a) Always be honest, faithful, trusted and have managerial skills.
- b) Have Regional, National, International and local understanding and knowledge of economic and socio-political trends and environment.
- c) Have necessary strategic method to apply policies in any material conditions facing the

movement.

- d) Depending on the nature of a case, not have been sentenced for any criminal activity for a period of 3-5 years or more without appeal. PRM shall conduct its own investigation and assess the nature of a case, its implications and the pros and cons thereof.
- e) Have a good reputation with the poor and have never exploited workers.
- f) Not be rude in the use of language and in the eyes of the society.
- g) Be exemplary in appearance and in executing PRM duties.
- h) Declare her/his interest that may compromise PRM and the public we seek to lead.
- i) Have an understanding of the laws, bylaws, ordinances and regulations of the land.
- j) Observe this constitution to the fullest and have renewed membership yearly.
- k) Not have been involved in a smear campaign of any sort to discredit any member of the movement and the society we seek to liberate and lead without valid proof.
- l) Be tolerant of different views and debate towards building a normal society.
- m) Not be dependent on or rely or abuse drugs and any toxic material.
- n) Not gossip about other individuals with an intention to cause tensions and conflicts within revolutionary members and structures.
- o) Not carry weapons in public or intimidate members and public.
- p) Be ready to be deployed and or redeployed by the movement leadership anywhere for the purposes of advancing the PRM.
- q) Not to have unlimited egos and selfish interest above that of the movement.

This constitution was revised and thus adopted on 09/08/2019 and signed at

DURBAN on 12/08/2019

Revolutionary President (RP) NHLANHLA L. BUTHELEZI

Signature

